A Regional, Holistic Approach to Addressing Septic Leachate Pollution in the Flathead Basin

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Who is WMCC?



UPPER COLUMBIA CONSERVATION COMMISSION





WESTERN MONTANA Conservation Commission **ESTABLISHED** July 1, 2023

MISSION Water quality protection + AIS mitigation & prevention

WHERE WE SERVE

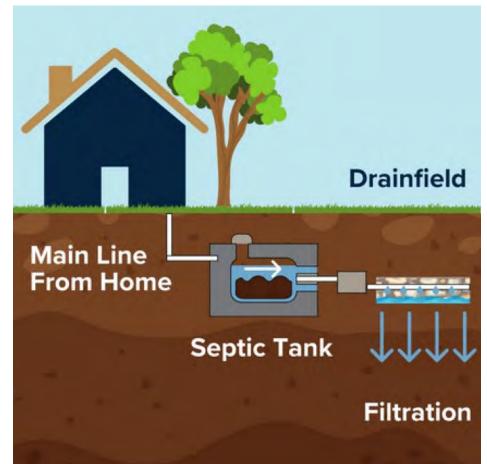


WMCC acknowledges that we live and work in the ancestral territories of the Salish, Kalispel, and Kootenai people.

We honor the path they have always shown us in caring for these landscapes for generations to come.

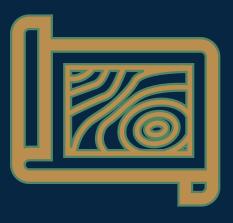
Septic Leachate

- 1977 Studies documenting septic leachate pollution in MT and the Flathead Basin
- 2019 FBC created an Onsite Wastewater Treatment Committee
 - Many factors to the issue social, economic, political, and cultural
 - Needs to be addressed holistically





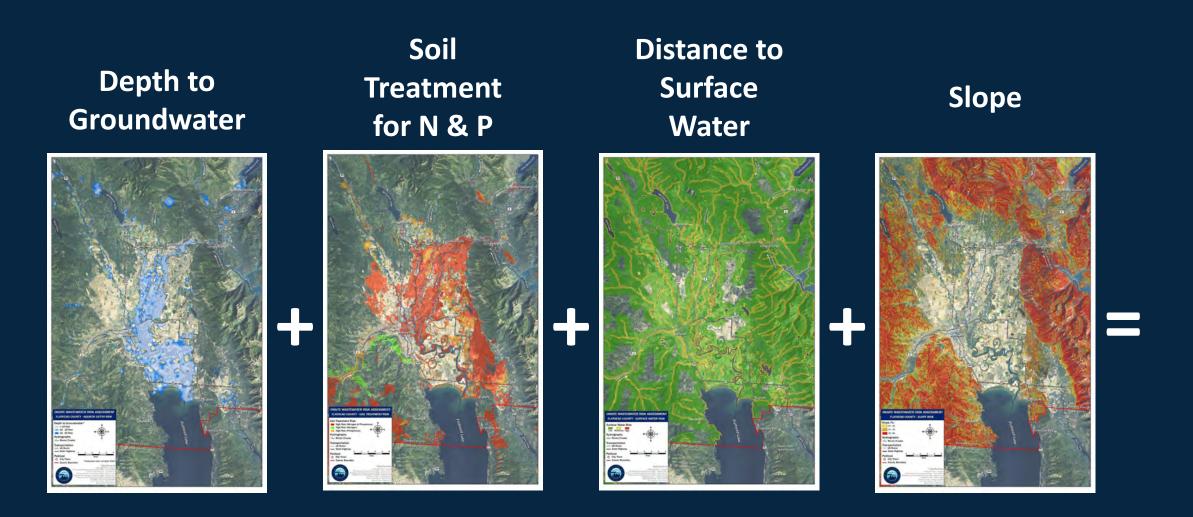
Septic Risk Model



Goal: To identify areas of the Flathead Basin at the highest risk for septic leachate pollution based on:

- 1. Geophysical characteristics
- 2. The age and density of existing septic systems





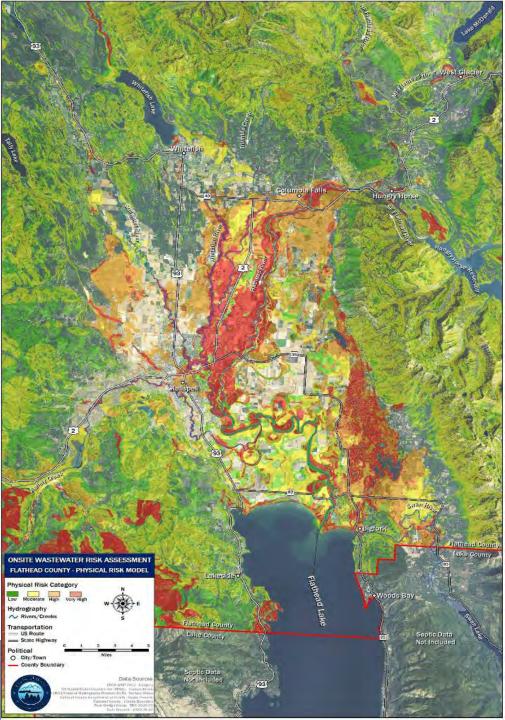
Physical Risk Model



Physical Risk Model

- Developed for Flathead & Lake Counties
- Shows the potential for septic leachate pollution based on geophysical characteristics
- Spatial generalization

Existing Septic Risk Model (Components)			
Feature	Category	Value	
Nitrogen Risk (Soil)	Low	0	
Nitrogen Risk (Soil)	High	3	
Phosphorus Risk (Soil)	Low	0	
Phosphorus Risk (Soil)	High	3	
Groundwater < 10'	High	3	
Groundwater 10' - 15'	Moderate	2	
Groundwater 15' - 20'	Low	1	
Groundwater > 20'	-	0	
Slope (%) 0 - 10	-	0	
Slope (%) 10 - 15	Low	1	
Slope (%) 15 - 25	Moderate	2	
Slope (%) 25 - 60	High	3	
Slope (%) 60 - 90	-	0	
Surface Water 500' – 5000'	Low	1	
Surface Water 100' – 500'	Moderate	2	
Surface Water 0' – 100'	High	3	



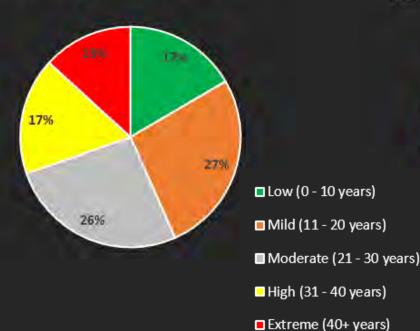
Physical Risk Model (Cumulative)			
Risk Category	Value		
Very Low	0 – 2		
Low	2 – 3		
Moderate	3 – 5		
High	5 – 7		
Very High	7 – 15		

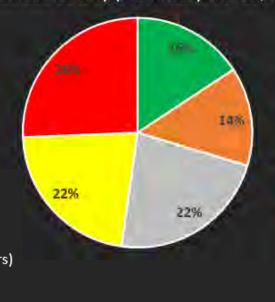
Septic Age Analysis

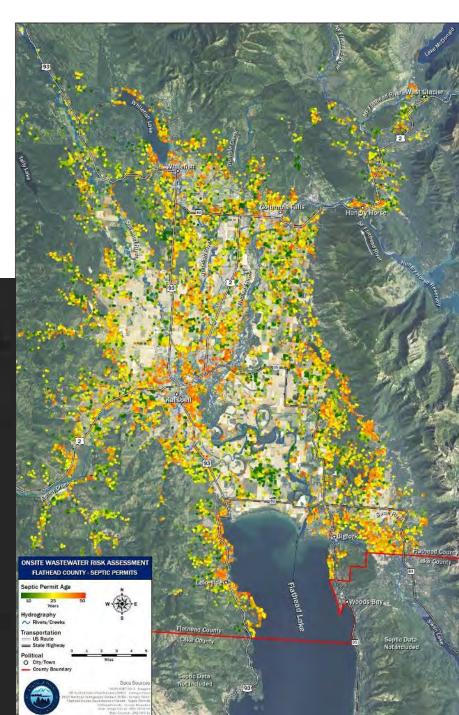
- Age is a key factor in a system likelihood to underperform
- Data only available for Flathead County

2020--Current Age Proportion of Septic Systems in Each Risk Class Flathead County (Permitted) TN= 21,415

2030—Projection Proportion of Septic Systems in Each Risk Class Flathead County (Permitted) TN= 25,415

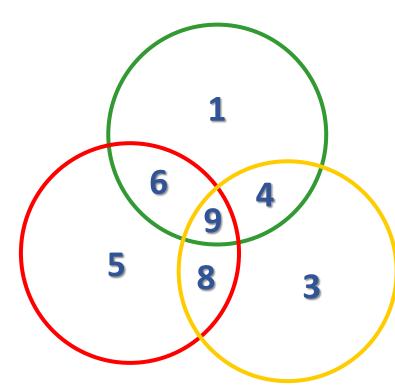






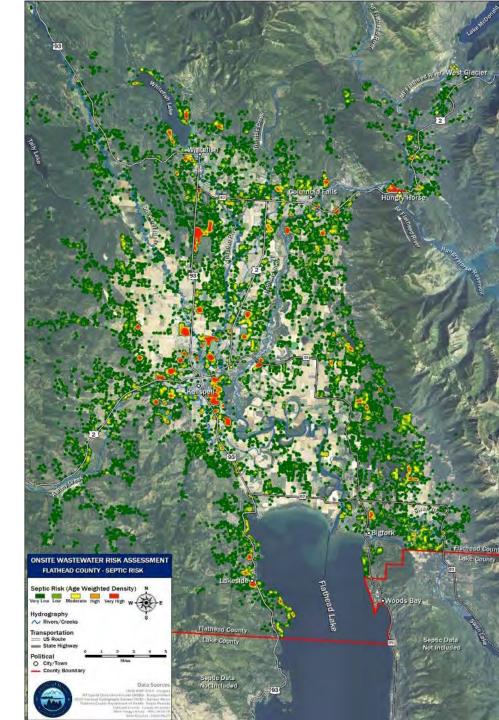
Age-Weighted Density

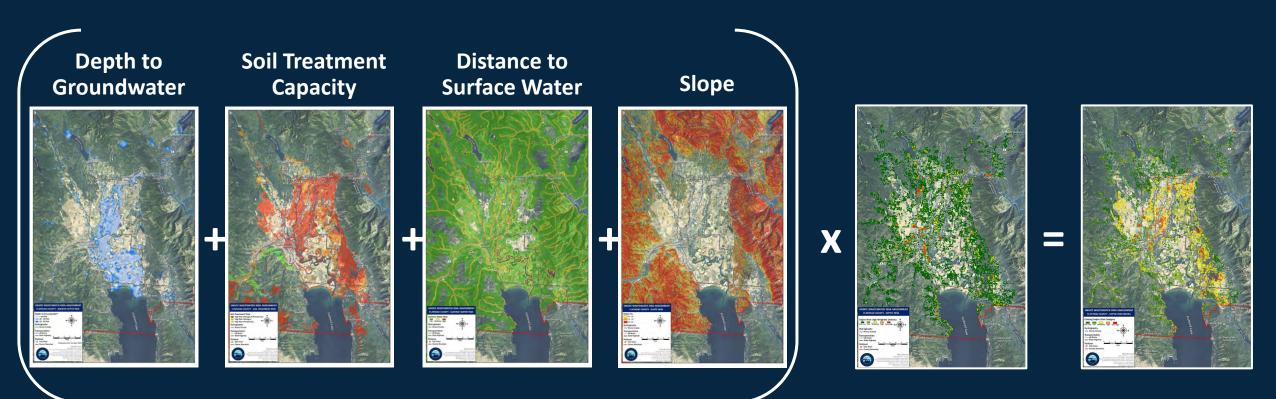
- 500-ft buffer surrounding septic permit location
- Age risk value assigned to each buffer
- Overlapping buffers added together



Individual Septic Age Risk Value			
Permit Age	Risk Category	Value	
0-10	Low	1	
11 – 20	Mild	2	
21 – 30	Moderate	3	
31-40	High	4	
>40	Extreme	5	

Septic Weighted Age Density Risk Value			
Cumulative			
Age Value	Risk Category	Value	
1-5	Very Low	1	
6 - 10	Low	2	
11 - 20	Moderate	3	
21-40	High	4	
41 - 300	Very High	5	





Physical Risk Model

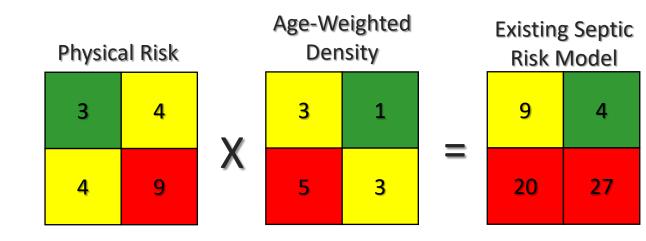
Age & Density of Existing Septic Systems

Existing Septic Risk

To read more about how model was created:



Existing Septic Risk Model

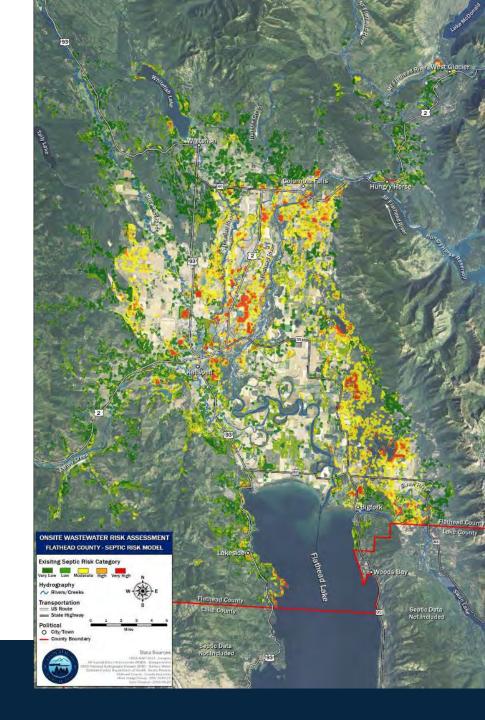


Existing Septic Risk Model			
Risk Category	Value		
Very Low	0 – 2		
Low	2 – 5		
Moderate	5 – 10		
High	10 – 15		
Very High	15 – 65		

To visit the interactive version of this model:



tinyurl.com/FlatheadSepticRisk



Synthetic DNA Tracer Study

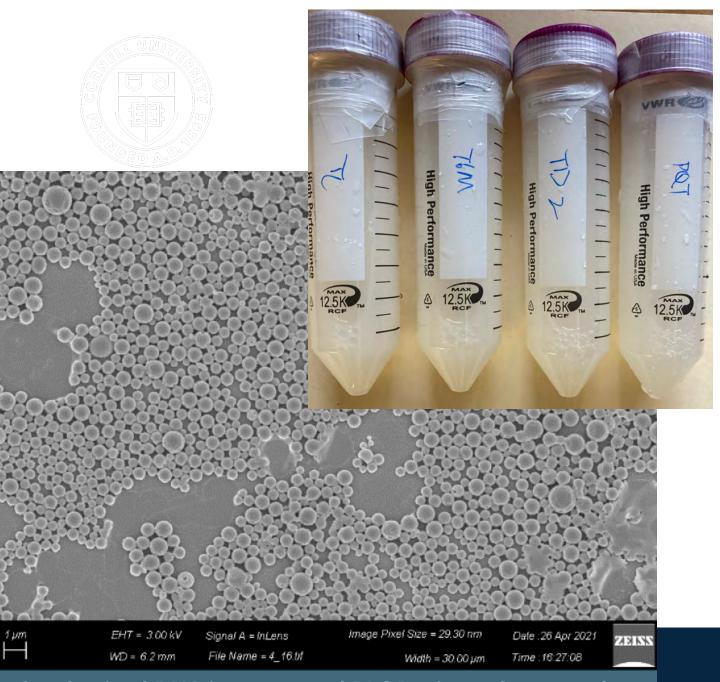


Goal: (1) To evaluate the effectiveness of this novel technology in our ecoregion and **(2)** to learn more about the hydrologic connection between lakeshore septics and surface water



Tracer Fabrication

- Contracted with Cornell University
- Short, unique strands of DNA that act as a barcode
- Encased in a biodegradable polymer for preservation in environment

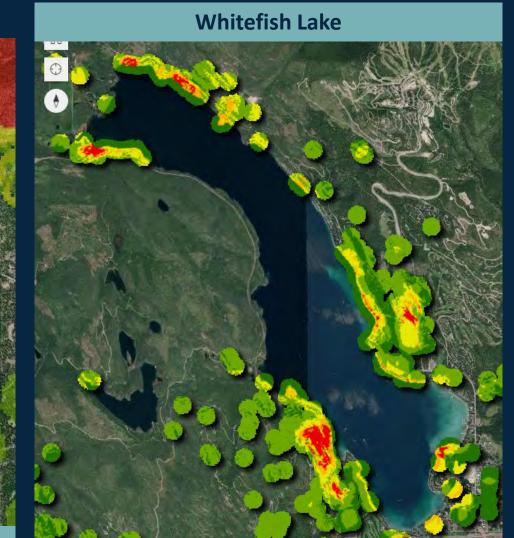


Synthesized DNA incorporated PLGA microspheres under

Study Design



Lake Mary Ronan



 8 unique tracers flushed down toilets of 8 homeowners on WFL and LMR

- Chosen because:
 - High density of septics on both lake shores
 - Physical and existing risk models indicate high/very high risk

Sampling

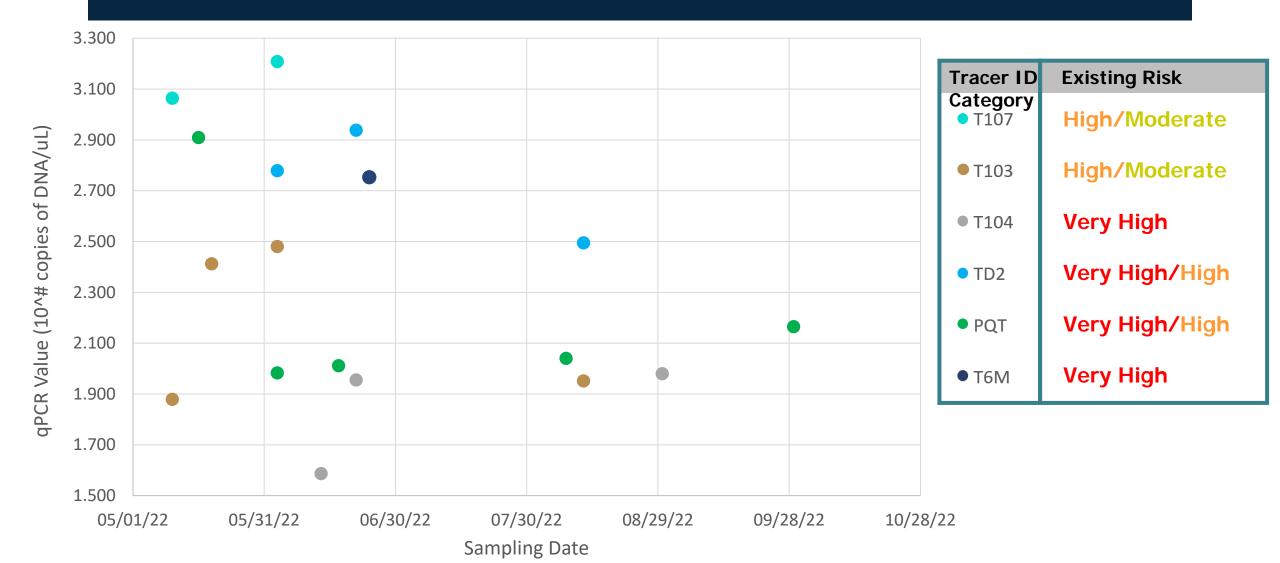
2022	May	June	July	August	September	October
Whitefish Lake 🛛 🌣	z Every	3 days	Every	5 days	Every 1	0 days
Lake Mary Ronan	X	Every	3 days	Every	5 days	Every 10 days

• Process:

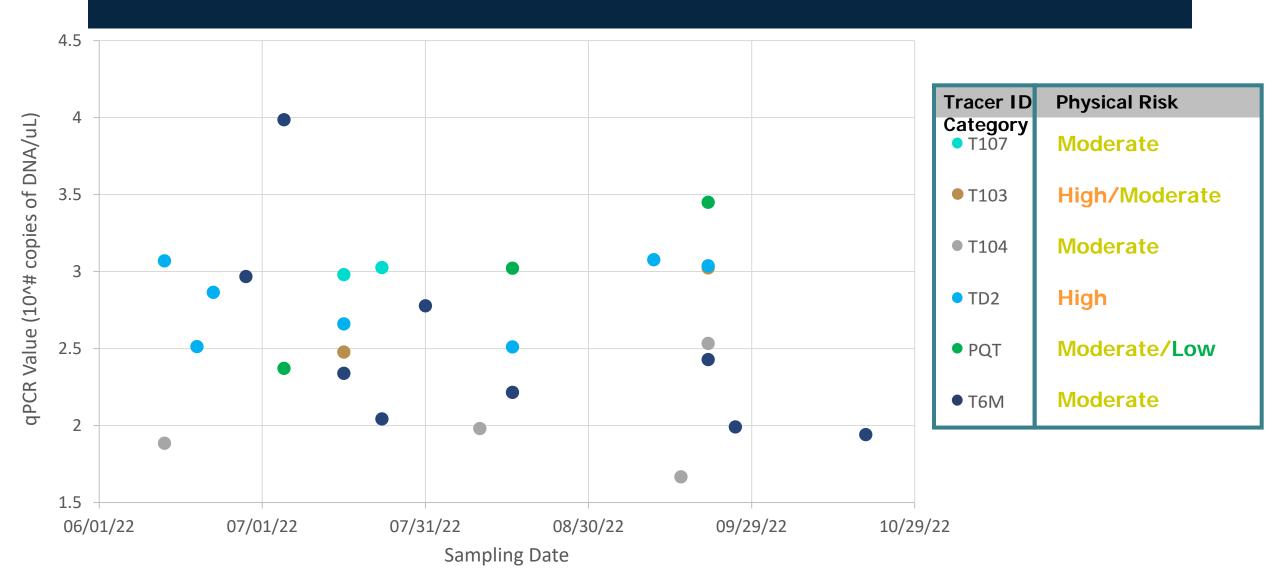
- Van Dorn to collect 3-5 samples across section of shoreline
- Composted into a 3L carboy
- Decanted 50mL samples from carboy
- Shipped to Cornell to be analyzed by qPCR



Results – Whitefish Lake



Results – Lake Mary Ronan



Conclusions

- Synthetic DNA technology appears to work in our ecoregion and in lake environments
- A site-specific analysis would improve understanding of the factors that most influenced a septic system's performance in the study

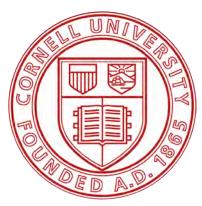




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- All our great partners!







Questions?

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